



The Ultimate Achievement is Attaining the Pleasure of Allah (swt)

The most important goal a Muslim aims to achieve in his or her life is the pleasure of Allah. Whatever comes on our path in life, achieving this goal is what is on our mind when dealing with trials and tribulations. The Quran provides many examples of difficulties people before us, have been through. These stories can help us understand what is expected of us when confronted with such extreme troubles.

One story, which comes to mind when witnessing the severe trials the Ummah is going through, is the story of the People of the Ditch. When confronted with difficult pictures of the burning bodies of our brothers and sisters in Rohingya, which have been thrown in ditches filled with fire by evil Buddhist mobs this story actually seems to come alive. Also the burning bodies of Syrian children laying under the rubble of their homes after being bombarded by Russian airstrikes or the burning bodies of Muslim brothers set alight by angry Christian mobs in CAR are all proof that the story of the People of the Ditch is still very relevant for all of us.

It is a story which clearly explains to us what the fate will be of the believers and what the fate will be of the tyrants. Allah (swt) makes the fate of the tyrants very clear when He says: ﴿إِنَّ الَّذِينَ فَتَثُوا الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَالْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَالْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَالْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَالْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَالْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَاللهُ عَذَابُ جَهَنَّمَ وَلَهُمْ عَذَابُ الْحَرِيقِ "Those who persecute the Believers, men and women, and do not turn in repentance, will have the Penalty of Hell: They will have the Penalty of the Burning Fire." [Surah Al-Buruj 85:10]

So in worldly terms we can say that our brothers and sisters have experienced the greatest evils one can face in this life. Looking with an Islamic mind-set gives us a different perspective and that is that if our brothers and sisters have remained steadfast on His path they will achieve the actual goal of this entire life and that is attaining His pleasure and thus Jannah.

So a more vital question we should be asking ourselves is what is OUR role and responsibility, as witnesses of these atrocities and as part of the Ummah. What is expected from us, so that we are able to achieve the pleasure of Allah (swt)?

And naturally Allah (swt) has informed His creation of what is expected when He said, وَلَقْ آمَنَ آَهْلُ الْكِتَابِ لَكَانَ (مَنَةُ أَخْرِجَتْ لِلنَّاسِ تَأْمُرُونَ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ وَتَنْهَوْنَ عَنِ الْمُنكَرِ وَتُوْمِنُونَ بِاللَّهِ وَلَقُ آمَنَ آَهْلُ الْكِتَابِ لَكَانَ (كُنتُمُ خَيْرَ أُمَّةٍ أُخْرِجَتْ لِلنَّاسِ تَأْمُرُونَ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ وَتَنْهَوْنَ عَنِ الْمُنكَرِ وَتُوْمِنُونَ بِاللَّهِ وَلَقُ آمَنَ آَهْلُ الْكِتَابِ لَكَانَ (كُنتُمُ خَيْرَ أُمَّةٍ أُخْرِجَتْ لِلنَّاسِ تَأْمُرُونَ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ وَتَنْهَوْنَ عَنِ الْمُنكَرِ وَتُوْمِنُونَ بِاللَّهِ وَلَقُ آمَنَ آَهْلُ الْكِتَابِ لَكَانَ (كُنتُمُ خَيْرَ أُمَّةٍ أُخْرِجَتْ لِلنَّاسِ تَأْمُرُونَ بِاللَّهِ لَعُنْ وَتَوْمِنُونَ وَاللَّهِ عَنْ الْمُنْمَنُونَ وَاللَّهِ فَي وَاللَّهِ مَا لَمُؤْمِنُونَ وَالْعَاسِقُونَ (مَنَ أَمَاسِقُونَ) وَاللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ وَالْعَاسِقُونَ وَاللَّهُ عَنْ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ وَاللَّهُ وَلَهُ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ وَالْعَاسِقُونَ وَاللَّهُ عَنْ مَنْ أَمْنُ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ وَ

Allah." [TMQ Ale-Imran: 110] or when He (swt) said: ﴿وَالْمُؤْمِنُونَ وَالْمُؤْمِنَاتُ بَعْضُهُمْ أَوْلِيَاءُ بَعْضُ عَنِ الْمُنكَرِ وَيُقِيمُونَ الصَّلَاةَ وَيُوْتُونَ الزَّكَاةَ وَيُطِيعُونَ اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ أُولَٰكَ سَيَرْحَمُهُمُ اللَّهُ إِنَّ يَأْمُرُونَ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ وَيَنْهَوْنَ عَنِ الْمُنكَرِ وَيُقِيمُونَ الصَّلَاةَ وَيُوْتُونَ الزَّكَاةَ وَيُطِيعُونَ اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ أُولَٰكَ سَيَرْحَمُهُمُ اللَّهُ إِنَّ يَأْمُرُونَ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ وَيَنْهَوْنَ عَنِ الْمُنكَرِ وَيُقِيمُونَ الصَّلَاةَ وَيُولُتُونَ الزَّكَاةَ وَيُطِيعُونَ اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ أُولَٰكَ سَيَرْحَمُهُمُ اللَّهُ إِنَّ يَأْمُرُونَ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ وَيَنْهَوْنَ عَنِ الْمُنكَرِ وَيُقِيمُونَ الصَّلَاةَ وَيُولُتُونَ الزَّكَاةَ وَيُطِيعُونَ اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ أُولَٰكَ سَيَرْحَمُهُمُ اللَّهُ إِنَّ يَأْمُرُونَ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ وَيَنْهَوْنَ عَنِ الْمُنكَرِ وَيُقِيمُونَ الصَّلَاةَ وَيُولُةُ وَيُولَا اللَّهَ وَرَعَنِهُ اللَّهُ إِنَّ عَنِيلًا مَعْرُوفَ وَيَنْهُمُ اللَّهُ إِنَّ عَنِي أَمُرُونَ بِاللَّهُ وَرَسُولَهُ أُولَاكَ سَيَرْحَمُهُمُ اللَّهُ إِنَّ الْمُعَرُوفَ وَيَنْ عَنِ الْمُعْرَوفَ مَنْ اللَّهُ مَعْنُهُمُ اللَّهُ إِنَّ friends) of one another, they enjoin the ma'roof and forbid the munkar and they establish the salah." [TMQ At-Tawba: 71].

He (swt) also informed us through our Prophet (saw) what would happen if we refrain from taking on this responsibility. The Prophet (saw) said: «وَالَّذِي نَفْسِي بِيَدِهِ، لَتَأْمُرُنَّ said: يَعْنَ الْمُنْكَرِ، أَوْ لَيُوشِكَنَّ اللَّهُ أَنْ يَبْعَتَ عَلَيْكُمْ عِقَابًا مِنْهُ، ثُمَ تَدْعُونَهُ فَلا يَسنتجِيبُ لَكُمْ» (I vow) by the One in Whose hands my soul rests, you have to enjoin right and forbid the wrong, otherwise Allah will be about to send upon you a punishment from Him, then you would pray to Him (ask Him) but He would not answer you". Also Abu Bakr narrated: مسند أحمد مسند أحمد مسند العشرة المعتري بالخاء الراشدين مسند أبي بكر الصديق المعتري الله عنه مسند أحمد مسند العشرة الميثري بالخاء مسند الخلفاء الراشدين مسند أبي بكر الصديق (يف والله عنه) وهود ماله منه المعالي المعالي مسند أحمد مسند أحمد مسند العشرة المعتري بالجنة مسند الخلفاء الراشدين مسند أبي بكر الصديق (يف والله عنه) وهود مسند العشري بالمعند العشري بالخاء مسند الخلفاء الراشدين مسند أبي بكر الصديق (يف والله عنه مسند أحمد مسند العشرين بالجنة مسند الخلفاء الراشدين مسند أبي بكر الصديق (يف والله عنه) مسند أحمد مسند العشرين بالجنة مسند الخلفاء الراشدين مسند أبي بكر الصديق (يف والله عنه المنه عنه الله عنه المعد مسند أدمد مسند الغلفاء الراشدين مسند أبي بكر الصديق (يف والله عنه) الله عنه المه مسند أحمد مسند الغلواله عله المعنه منه الله عنه المه مسند أدمد مسند الغلوالم فله المعدث أو شك أن يعمهم (ين الناس إذا رأوا الظالم فلم يأخذوا على يديه أو شك أن يعمهم (يو الله تعالى بعذاب منه) (لاب الناس إذا رأوا الظالم فلم يأخذوا على يديه أو شك أن يعمهم (يو الله اله عنه) (لاب الله تعالى بعذاب منه) (لاب المدث أو الظالم فلم يأخذوا على يديه أو شك أن يعمهم (لاب الله تعالى بعذاب منه) (لابه تعالى بعذاب منه) (لاب الناس إذا رأوا الظالم فلم يأخذوا على يديه أو شك أن يعمهم (لاب الله تعالى بعذاب منه) (لاب الناس إذا رأوا الظالم فلم يأخذوا على يديه أو شك أن يعمه (لاب الناس إذا رأوا الظالم فلم يأخذوا على يديه أو شك أن يعمهم (لاب الله مول اله مول مول مول اله مول الله مول مول الله مول اله مول الله مول مول الله مول الله مول مول مول اله مول مول الله مول مول اله مول اله مول مول مول

So Allah (swt) is very clear in what the role of the believers is when confronted with Evil (Munkar). They need to hold strongly against, in this case, the hand (power) of the tyrant (zalim) until he gives up his zulm.

Since the leaders of the Muslims are failing their role in this task, it becomes obligatory upon all Muslims to take them to task. To also work to change this reality of having such leaders who don't run the affairs of the Ummah by Islam. We should do this as an Ummah, as a party and as an individual. And we will be sinful when remaining silent, or when we leave forbidding the wrong or when we aren't working to change this reality. May Allah (swt) allow us to fulfil this duty towards Him so we also become the inhabitants of Jannah with gardens beneath which rivers flow. ﴿إِنَّا وَالَذِينَ آمَنُوا اللَّذِينَ آمَنُوا اللَّذِينَ آمَنُوا اللَّهِ هُمُ الْغَالِئُونَ ﴾ وَمَن يَتَوَلَ اللَّه وَرَسُولَهُ وَالَّذِينَ آمَنُوا اللَّذِينَ آمَنُوا اللَّذِينَ آمَنُوا اللَّذِينَ آمَنُوا الله هُمُ الْغَالِئُونَ ﴾ (Verily, your Wali (Protector or Helper) is none other than Allah, His Messenger, and the believers, - those who perform As-Salat, and give Zakat, and they are Rakiun (those who bow down or submit themselves with obedience to Allah in prayer). And whosoever takes Allah, His Messenger, and those who have believed, as Protectors, then the party of Allah will be the victorious." [TMQ 5:55-56]

Written for the Central Media Office of Hizb ut Tahrir by Yasmin Malik

Member of the Central Media Office of Hizb ut Tahrir